PM/BSE/15/2024-25 **August 08,2024**

To,
The Manager
Listing Department
BSE Limited
Bombay Stock Exchange,
P. J. Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai-400001

Scrip Code: 522105

Sub: Newspaper Advertisement – Compliance under Regulation 30 & 47 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligation & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations")

Dear Sir/Madam,

Pursuant to Regulations 30 & 47 of the Listing Regulations, we submit herewith copies of newspaper advertisement related to 37th Annual General Meeting scheduled to be held on Friday, September 06, 2024 at 12:00 p.m. (IST) through Video Conferencing (VC)/ Other Audio-Visual Means (OAVM), published on August 08,2024 in newspapers viz. Business Standard in English language and Pratahkal in Marathi language.

You are requested to take the aforesaid information on your record.

Thanking you,

Yours Faithfully,

For **Birla Precision Technologies Limited**

ISHU JAIN Digitally signed by ISHU JAIN Date: 2024.08.08 11:41:51 +05'30'

Ishu Jain
Company Secretary & Compliance Officer
Membership No: F10679

Encl. A/a

Delhivery-ing on new biz, seasonal uptick

Brokerages positive, expect the company to sustain profits

RAM PRASAD SAHU
Mumbai, 7 August

Logistics major Delhivery delivered a better-than-expected operational performance in the April-June quarter, improving its outlook in key segments and bolstering expectations that the stock will sustain. Volumes in the company's largest segment, express logistics, were muted, but cost control measures helped Delhivery exceed margin expectations.

Most brokerages have a positive outlook on the company, citing its focus on improving volumes, profitability, and diversification into fast-growing categories.

The express parcel segment, which accounts for 60 per cent of the company's revenue, reported an underwhelming 6 per cent revenue growth in a seasonally weak quarter. Although volume growth did not meet expectations, yields were up 5.6 per cent, aiding sales growth in the segment.

The partial truckload (PTL) segment grew 25 per cent over the year-ago quarter, driven by a 16 per cent increase in freight tonnage. While service revenue from truckloads rose 19 per cent, supply-chain services (SCS) expanded 25 per cent, beating estimates.

The PTL segment has benefited from the company's growing presence beyond the three major metros. SCS has gained from new account additions and strong seasonal demand in consumer durables.

Analysts at Kotak Institutional Equities, led by Aditya Mongia, believe Delhivery has compensated for a year-on-year decline in express parcel volumes from marketplaces with secular growth trends across non-marketplace categories (including direct-to-consumer/D2C). The increasing share of heavy loads has also helped, they add.

The PTL segment is expected to sustain its growth through better asset integration.

The company's expansion into Tier-II and Tier-III markets and its foray into new industries such as battery, chemicals, and consumer goods are projected to drive volume, according to analysts Ankita Shah and Jinesh Kothari at Elara Capital.

Delhivery plans to improve profitability in the PTL segment, which currently stands at 3.2 per cent, in line with margins in the express segment at 18 per cent.

Despite competitive pressures, Delhivery's management believes PTL revenue will continue to grow as the industry shifts towards integrated players. They expect India to follow the trend seen in the US, where the top five logistics companies hold a 65 per cent market share in PTL.

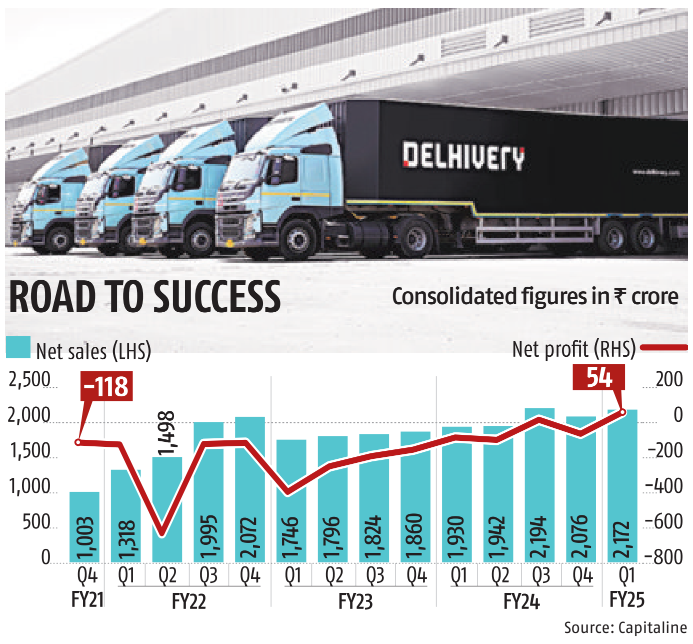
The company expects the express parcel segment to pick up during the festival season later this year and grow in line with the industry growth rate of 15-20 per cent. Delhivery has negotiated with e-commerce company Meesho on volume stabilisation, aligning with expectations.

Incremental gains are expected from Delhivery's entry into quick commerce, where the company plans to create warehousing and delivery infrastructure for D2C brands and smaller quick-commerce players.

The market will closely monitor Delhivery's ability to sustain profitability and net profit trends. While the company suffered an operating loss in the year-ago quarter, margins improved sequentially to 4.5 per cent in the June quarter.

The net profit of ₹54 crore resulted from a change in depreciation accounting to the written-down value method and the reversal of employee stock ownership plan expenses.

There was also a one-time loss of ₹5 crore due to the impairment of intangible assets and goodwill. Adjusted for these factors, the company just about broke even at a net level.



Source: Capitaline

YOUR MONEY

Start, maintain PPF account even in new tax regime

BINDISHA SARANG & SANJAY KUMAR SINGH

The government expects investments in small savings instruments, especially Public Provident Fund (PPF), to plummet sharply in 2024-25 with over 70 per cent of taxpayers gravitating to the new tax regime, where they will not be eligible for the Section 80C tax deduction. Should investors opting for the new tax regime invest in PPF, purely for its merits as an investment product?

High, tax-free return

PPF remains attractive even without the Section 80 C deduction. "The tax-free return of 7.1 per cent is very attractive. While the Employees Provident Fund (EPF) offers a higher return of 8.25 per cent which is tax-free for contributions up to ₹2.5 lakh, it terminates upon retirement. PPF can be extended for life," says Deepesh Raghaw, a Sebi registered investment advisor (RIA). Since PPF is a government-backed scheme, it offers full capital protection and guaranteed, risk-free return. "PPF carries minimal risk. Its fixed-income nature allows investors to diversify their portfolios," says Jinal Mehta, founder, Beyond Learning Finance.

PPF becomes flexible after the initial 15-year maturity period ends. It can be extended in blocks of five years. Extensions can happen without or with contribution. "If the account is extended without contribution (the default option), your money compounds tax-free and you can withdraw any amount from the account whenever you like," says Raghaw.

An investor who extends the account with contribution can make only one withdrawal in each financial year. "Over the next five years, the investor can withdraw up to 60 per cent of the balance at the end of the financial year in which the account was extended," says Raghaw. These features, according to him, make PPF a good pension instrument.

Low on liquidity

The long maturity period acts as a deterrent, especially for younger investors who desire liquidity. "However, partial withdrawals are allowed beginning from the sixth financial year following the original subscription period," says Mehta.

One can't invest beyond ₹1.5 lakh in each account in a financial year. No monetary limit exists in National Pension System (NPS).

Non-resident Indians (NRIs) and Hindu Undivided Families (HUFs) cannot invest in PPF.

Should existing investors continue?

Existing investors should continue with their PPF accounts even if they lose the Section 80C benefit. "The reason is tax efficiency: PPF interest income and maturity amount are tax-free. If you invest in other fixed-income instruments like fixed deposits or debt mutual funds, you have to pay taxes every year or at the time of withdrawal," says Ajay Pruthi, founder, plnr.in.

He adds that investors in the 30 per cent tax bracket would have to earn a 30 per cent higher pre-tax return in other fixed-income instruments to match PPF's return, which is difficult.

Should youngsters open an account?

Mrin Agarwal, founder-director, Finsafe says young investors with the requisite investment horizon and a conservative profile should definitely go for PPF.

The low liquidity in PPF acts as a deterrent for some younger investors. But the lock-in can be an advantage. "It prevents impulsive withdrawal of funds and aids long-term savings," says Pruthi. Younger investors should first build an emergency corpus and then invest for short-term goals. "Thereafter, if they have money left, they can use PPF to allocate to the fixed-income portion of their long-term portfolio," says Raghaw.

He adds they should start their PPF accounts at the earliest, even without the Section 80C benefit, to get past the 15-year maturity period as soon as possible.

AVAIL OF LOAN AGAINST PPF BALANCE

- Loan can be taken by submitting a request at the bank branch or post office where the account is held
- It can be taken only after one year from the end of the financial year in which the initial subscription was made and must be repaid within five years
- The loan amount can be up to 25 per cent of the balance at the end of the second year immediately preceding the loan application
- Only one loan can be taken in a financial year; a second is not provided until the first is repaid
- If repaid in 36 months, the interest rate is 1 percentage point, if after 36 months, it is 6 percentage point above PPF rate

Planning a home loan? Here's a guide on fixed & floating rates

Once you finalise your dream home, the next step is to look for a loan. Which interest plan should one opt for fixed or floating?

UNDERSTANDING FIXED AND FLOATING RATES

■ **Fixed:**
Interest rate remains constant throughout the loan tenure.

Floating:
They are tied to market conditions. If the benchmark interest rates decrease, borrowers benefit from lower monthly payments or reduced tenors.

FACTORS TO CONSIDER BEFORE CHOOSING LOAN TYPE

■ **Market outlook:**
Current economic conditions and future interest rate projections play a crucial role. If rates are expected to rise, a fixed rate might be more advantageous.

■ **Risk tolerance:**
Borrowers must assess their comfort level with potential payment fluctuations. Those with stable incomes may be better positioned to handle uncertainty of floating rates.

■ **Loan term:**
For shorter-term loans, floating rates may be more appealing due to potentially lower overall costs. Longer-term borrowers might prefer the security of fixed rates.

Read full report here: mybs.in/2dY7fRx

COMPILED BY AYUSH MISHRA

शेअर बाजाराच्या घसरणीला ब्रेक, सेन्सेक्स ८७५ अंकांनी वधारला गुंतवणूकदारांनी कमावले ८.३३ लाख कोटी

नवी दिल्ली, दि. ७ (वृत्तसंस्था) : भारतीय शेअर बाजारासाठी दिवस अतिशय चांगला होता आणि सेन्सेक्समध्ये सकाळपासून सुरू असलेली तेजी संध्याकाळी तेजीसह थांबली. सेन्सेक्स-निफ्टीमध्ये प्रचंड तेजी आल्याने गुंतवणूकदारांनी भरघोस कमाई केली आणि एका दिवसात साडेआठ लाख कोटी रुपयांहून अधिक रकमेची भर पडली. बीएसई सेन्सेक्स ८७४.९४ अंकांनी वधारून ७९,४६८ वर बंद झाला. याशिवाय राष्ट्रीय शेअर बाजाराचा निफ्टी ३०४.९५ अंकांनी म्हणजेच १.२७ टक्क्यांच्या वाढीसह २४,२९७ वर बंद झाला. सेन्सेक्सच्या ३० पैकी २५ शेअर्समध्ये जोरदार तेजी दिसून आली आणि केवळ ५ शेअर्समध्ये घसरण झाली. अदानी पोर्ट्स ३.४२ टक्क्यांनी वधारून बंद झाला आणि सेन्सेक्समध्ये तो सर्वाधिक वधारला. त्यानंतर पॉवरग्रिड ३.२० टक्क्यांनी वधारून बंद झाला. घसरलेल्या शेअर्समध्ये इंडसइंड बँक २.५४ टक्क्यांनी तर एचयूएल ०.३३ टक्क्यांच्या घसरणीसह बंद झाला. टेक महिंद्रा, टायटन आणि भारती एअरटेलही घसरणीसह रेड झोनमध्ये बंद झाले.

कामकाजाच्या अखेरीस बँक निफ्टी ३७०.७० अंकांच्या बंपर वाढीसह ५०,११९ वर बंद झाला. बँक निफ्टीचे १२ पैकी १० शेअर्स वधारले आणि इंडसइंड बँक, एयू स्मॉल फायनान्स बँक घसरले. सेन्सेक्समध्ये पंजाब नॅशनल बँकेचे शेअर्स सर्वाधिक दोन टक्क्यांनी वधारले, त्यापाठोपाठ एचडीएफसी बँक, बँक ऑफ बडोदा, बंधन बँक आणि स्टेट बँक ऑफ इंडियाच्या शेअरमध्येही वाढ झाली. बीएसईवर लिस्टेड कंपन्यांचं मार्केट कॅप ४४८.६२ लाख कोटी रुपयांवर आलं. मंगळवारी बीएसईचं मार्केट कॅप ४४०.२७ लाख कोटी रुपये होतं. म्हणजेच गुंतवणूकदारांच्या संपत्तीत ८.३३ लाख कोटी रुपयांची वाढ झाली.

पोझीट्रॉन एनर्जी लिमिटेड आयपीओ १२ ऑगस्ट रोजी खुला होणार

मुंबई, दि. ७ (प्रतिनिधि) : ऑईल आणि गॅस उद्योगातील व्यवस्थापन आणि तांत्रिक सल्लागार सेवांमध्ये कार्यरत असलेली पोझीट्रॉन एनर्जी लिमिटेड कंपनीने १२ ऑगस्ट २०२४ रोजी प्रारंभिक सार्वजनिक ऑफरिंग (IPO) आणण्याची योजना जाहीर केली आहे. या IPO च्या माध्यमातून कंपनी सर्वोच्च बँडवर ₹ ५१.२१ कोटी जमा करण्याचे उद्दिष्ट ठेवत आहे, आणि हे शेअर्स NSE इमर्ज प्लॅटफॉर्मवर सूचीबद्ध केले जाणार आहेत.

इश्यू आकार ₹ १० दर्शनी मूल्याच्या २०,४८,४०० इक्विटी शेअर्सपर्यंत आहे.

QIB अँकर पोर्शन – ५,८३,२०० पेक्षा जास्त इक्विटी शेअर्स नाही. क्वालिफाइड इंस्टीट्यूशनल बायर्स (QIB) – ३,८८,८०० पेक्षा जास्त इक्विटी शेअर्स नाही. नॉन-इन्स्टिट्यूशनल इन्वेस्टर्स (NII) – २,९२,२०० पेक्षा कमी इक्विटी शेअर्स नाही. रिटेल व्यक्तिगत गुंतवणूकदार (RII) – ६,८१,६०० पेक्षा कमी इक्विटी शेअर्स नाही. मार्केट मेकर – १,०२,६०० इक्विटी शेअर्स

IPO मधून मिळणारी निव्वळ रक्कम कार्यरत भांडवलाच्या आवश्यकतांसाठी आणि सामान्य कॉर्पोरेट उद्दिष्टांसाठी वापरली जाईल. अँकर पोर्शनसाठी बोली ०९ ऑगस्ट २०२४ रोजी उघडेल, आणि इतर सर्व श्रेणींसाठी हा इश्यू १२ ऑगस्ट २०२४ रोजी सदस्यतेसाठी उघडेल आणि १४ ऑगस्ट २०२४ रोजी बंद होईल. या इश्यूसाठी बुक रनिंग लीड मॅनेजर बीलाइन कॅपिटल अॅडव्हायझर्स प्रायव्हेट लिमिटेड आहे. या इश्यूसाठी रजिस्ट्रार लिंक इनटाइम इंडिया प्रायव्हेट लिमिटेड आहे.

टॅक्स भरण्यात रिलायन्स अव्वल, मुकेश अंबानी यांच्या कंपनीने भरला ₹१.८६ लाख कोटींचा कर

नवी दिल्ली, दि. ७ (वृत्तसंस्था) : दिग्गज उद्योगपती मुकेश अंबानी यांच्या नेतृत्वाखालील रिलायन्स इंडस्ट्रीजने २०२३-२४ या आर्थिक वर्षात सरकारला एकूण १,८६,४४० कोटी रुपयांचा कर भरला आहे. गेल्या वर्षीच्या तुलनेते ही रक्कम ९ हजार कोटी रुपयांनी जास्त आहे. कंपनीच्या वार्षिक अहवालातून ही माहिती समोर आली आहे.

शेअर बाजारात लिस्टेड सर्व कंपन्यांमध्ये रिलायन्स इंडस्ट्रीजचे मार्केट कॅप सर्वाधिक आहे. २०२३-२४ या आर्थिक वर्षात २० लाख कोटी रुपयांचा मार्केट कॅप ओलांडणारी रिलायन्स ही भारतातील पहिली कंपनी ठरली आहे. या आकड्याला आतापर्यंत अन्य कोणतीही कंपनी स्पर्श करू शकलेली नाही. कंपनीच्या मार्केट कॅपमध्ये मागील आर्थिक वर्षाच्या तुलनेत २७ टक्क्यांनी वाढ झाली आहे. विशेष म्हणजे, या बाबतीत रिलायन्स ही जगातील ४८वी कंपनी आहे. गेल्या आर्थिक वर्षात रिलायन्सने १० लाख कोटी रुपयांचा टप्पा ओलांडला होता.

मागील आर्थिक वर्षात कंपनीने सुमारे ३ लाख कोटींची निर्यात केली होती. गुंतवणुकीच्या बाबतीतही रिलायन्स अव्वल आहे. वार्षिक अहवालानुसार, रिलायन्सने २०२३-२४ या आर्थिक वर्षात १ लाख ३५ हजार कोटी रुपयांहून अधिक गुंतवणूक केली.

रिलायन्स इंडस्ट्रीजचे प्रमुख मुकेश अंबानी यांनी वार्षिक अहवालात म्हटले की, मागील दशकात भारताचे महत्त्व अनेक पटींनी वाढले आहे. अस्थिरता आणि अनिश्चिततेच्या या जगात भारत स्थिरता आणि समृद्धीचे प्रतीक म्हणून चमकत आहे. सर्व क्षेत्रातील मजबूत वाढ, हे १४० कोटी भारतीयांच्या सामूहिक प्रयत्नांचा परिणाम आहे.